#### TEST 1

**I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

1. a. ambulance b. bandage c. damage d. patient

2. a. hit b. tight c. injection d. sting

3. a. forget b. present c. overheat d. emergency

4. a. faint b. aid c. pain d. wheelchair

5. a. crutch b. school c. chart d. handkerchief

**II. Choose the word or phrase that best completes each unfinished sentence below or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.**

6. I put the heater on\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the plants warm.

 a. keep b. keeping c. to keep d. for keeping

7. Why not come over at the weekend? The children\_\_\_\_\_ seeing you again.

a. enjoy b. will enjoy c. are enjoying d. is going to enjoy

8. That bag looks heavy. I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you with it.

a. will help b. am going to help c. am helping d. help

9. Calm\_\_\_\_\_\_and tell me what happened.

a. out b. down c. in d.up

10. Sam was trying hard \_\_\_\_.

a. not to laugh b. to not laugh c. not laughing d. to not laughing

11. You \_\_\_\_\_ forget what I told you. It’s very important.

a. mustn’t b. needn’t c. don’t have to d. can’t

12. Cool the burns immediately so as to \_\_\_\_\_\_ tissue damage.

a. ease b. relieve c. minimize d. maximize

13. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a long stick that someone put under their arm to help them, walk when they have hurt their leg.

a. Crutch b. Wheelchair c. Stretcher d. Bandage

14. These medicines can\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your headache.

a. ease b. elevate c. revive d. affect

15. Don’t overheat the victim with blankets or coat.

a. make someone too hot b. make someone too cold

c. hurt someone d. destroy someone

**III. Choose the words or phrases that are not correct in Standard English.**

16. He is going to get to work earlier in order impress the boss.

 A B C D

17. They are planting trees by the roadside so that reduce the traffic noise.

 A B C D

18. It’s a secret between us and I promise I don’t tell anybody.

 A B C D

19. You don’t have to keep medicines where children can get them.

 A B C D

20. The room got quietly when the professor came.

 A B C D

**IV. Choose the word (a, b, c, or d) that best fits each of the blank spaces.**

How can we keep our teeth (21) \_\_\_\_\_\_? Firstly, we ought to visit our (22) \_\_\_\_ twice a year. Secondly, we should brush our teeth (23) \_\_\_\_ a toothbrush and fluoride toothpaste at least twice a day, once after breakfast and once before we go to bed. We can also use toothpicks (24) \_\_\_\_\_between our teeth after a meal. Thirdly, we (25) \_\_\_\_\_\_ eat food that is good (26) \_\_\_\_\_\_ our teeth and our body: milk, fish, brown bread, raw vegetables, fresh fruit, etc.

21. a. health b. healthy c. healthily d. unhealthy

22. a. dentist b. doctor c. teacher d. engineer

23. a. on b. of c. by d. with

24. A. clean b. to clean c. cleaning d. to cleaning

25. a. should b. ought to c. need d. a & b

26. a. for b. at c. on d. to

**V. Read the following passage and choose the item (a, b, c, or d) that best answers each of the questions about it.**

*A: Hi. Can I help you?*

*B: Yes, please. Could I have something fpr a cough? I think I’m getting a cold.*

*A: Well, I sugest a box of these cough syrup. And you should get a bottle of vitamin C, too.*

*B: Thank you. And what do you have for dry skin?*

*A: Try some of this new lotion. It’s very good.*

*B: OK. Thanks a lot.*

27. What does the word ‘cold’ in line 2 mean?

a. low temperature b. not hot or warm

c. a common illness d. not heated or cooked

28. The first speaker suggested that the second speaker should buy\_\_\_\_\_.

a. a box of cough syrup b. a bottle of vitamin C

c. a new lotion for dry skin d. all are correct

29. The second speaker is a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. patient b. doctor c. dentist d. nurse

30. They are talking in a\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. theater b. stadium c. drugstore d. dentist’s

31. Which of the following is not true?

a. Vitamin C is good for a cold.

b. Cough syrup is good for a cough.

c. There is a new lotion for dry skin.

d. The second speaker doesn’t want to buy the new lotion.

#### TEST 2

**I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

1. a. calm b. badly c. flat d. handkerchief

2. a. bite b. revive c. promise d. minimize

3. a. crutch b. hurt c. hurry d. cup

4. a. happened b. helped c. burned d. bored

5. a. invite b. faint c. patient d. victim

**II. Choose the word or phrase that best completes each unfinished sentence below or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.**

6. Mrs Miles sometimes takes a pill\_\_\_\_\_\_ to sleep.

a. go b. going c. to go d. for going

7. He is working very hard\_\_\_\_\_\_get poor grades.

a. in order to b. in order not to c. to d. not to

8. If you move to your left, you\_\_\_\_\_the church.

a. will see b. are seeing c. has seen d. see

9. \_\_\_\_\_\_quiet? I’m trying to learn.

a. Are you please be b. Will you please be

c. Are you please being d. Has you please been

10. The book fell\_\_\_\_\_the table.

a. of b. off c. up d. in

11. Why don’t you come \_\_\_\_\_ for dinner?

a. across b. over c. at d. down

12. Please try\_\_\_\_\_ quiet when you come home. Everyone will be asleep.

a. be b. to be c. being d. to being

13. Leave the victim\_\_\_\_\_flat and don’t let him \_\_\_chilled.

a. lying/ to become b. to lie/ become

c. lying/ become d. to lie/ to become

14. \_\_\_\_\_ is a long thin piece of cloth or paper used for tying round and protecting a wound.

a. Water packs b. Bandage c. Handkerchief d. Blanket

15. \_\_\_\_\_ the patient’s feet, or lower his/her head below the level of the heart.

a. Elevate b. Coo1 c. Cover d. Overheat

**III. Choose the words or phrases that are not correct in Standard English.**

16. David sang so badly that I had to look away not so as to laugh at him.

 A B C D

17. If you look carefully, you are finding writing scratched on the glass.

 A B C D

18. Matt was trying to calm the baby out by singing to her.

 A B C D

19. I was very tired and I tried keeping my eyes open but I couldn’t.

 A B C D

20. They pulled the boy out of the river and tried reviving him.

 A B C D

**IV. Choose the word (a, b, c, or d) that best fits each of the blank spaces.**

A: Wow, you don’t (21) \_\_\_\_\_ very good! Do you feel OK?

B: No, I think I’m getting a cold. What should I do (22) \_\_\_\_\_ it?

A: You (23) \_\_\_\_ stay at home and go to bed.

B: You’re probably right. I’ve got a really, bad cough, too.

A: Try (24) \_\_\_\_\_ some hot tea with honey. It really helps.

B: Anything (25) \_\_\_\_?

A: Yeah, I suggest you get a big box of (26) \_\_\_\_\_!

21. a. look b. seem c. feel d. all are correct

22. a. to b. for c. of d. of

23. a. must b. should c. ought to d. all are correct

24. a. drink b. and drink c. drinking d. to drinking

25. a. more b. different c. other d. else

26. a. bandage b. alcohol c. tissues d. eye chart

**V. Read the following passage and choose the item (a, b, c, or d) that best answers each of the questions about it.**

I’m in the hospital! I’ve broken my leg! But don’t worry. I’ll be all right. I’ve been here since last Sunday. I had an accident at a football match. I tried to kick the ball but I kicked the goal post! The pain was quite bad, so Dad brought me to the hospital the same day.

I had a small operation three days ago. The nurses and doctors have been eally nice, but the food’s ***disgusting***. I prefer Mum’s cooking!

goal post (n) *cột gôn* operation (n) *ca phẫu thuật*

27. Where is the writer?

a. He’s going on a vacation. b. He’s at home.

c. He’s in the hospital. d. He’s at school.

28. What has happened to him?

a. He has had a cold. b. He has broken his leg.

c. He has had an accident. d. b & c are correct

29. He felt \_\_\_\_\_pain.

a. no b. not much c. a lot of d. a&b are correct

30. What does the word ‘disgusting’ in line 6 mean?

a. delicious b. good c. healthy d. awful

31. Which of the following is not true?

a. The writer has broken his leg because he kicked the goal post.

b. He was brought to the hospital last Sunday.

c. He doesn’t like the nurses and the doctors there.

d. He had a small operation and he will be all right.

**TEST 3**

**I. Combine each pair of sentences, using so that; in order (not) to or so as (not) to.**

1. He always drives carefully. He doesn't want to cause accidents.

2. Please arrive early. We want to be able to start the meeting on time.

3. I went to the college. I wanted to sec Professor Taylor.

4. She wore warm clothes. She didn't want to get cold.

5. I closed the window. l didn't want anybody to look at my mum.

6. We turned out the lights. We didn't want to waste electricity.

7. He moved to the from row. He could hear the speaker better.

8. I left Dave my phone number. l wanted him to be able to contact me.

9. Thanh and Nga are going to Australia. They want to learn English.

10. We hurried to school. We didn’t want to be late.

**II. Give the right form of the verbs in brackets: Simple Future or Simple Present.**

1. We …………….(go) out when the rain…………………………(stop).

2. She…………..... (not come) until you……………………………….. (be) ready

3. I………………………….... (come) and see them before I…………………… (leave) here.

4. We........................... (phone) you as soon as we ……………….(arrive) in Ha Noi.

5. When I………………... (see) Mr. Pike tomorrow. I ………..…… (give) him your message.

6. He promises he …………………. (leave) before the sun ……….…………(rise).

7. They ……………….…(move) to their new house at Christmas this year.

8. Who ……….... (look after) the children when your sister (be) ………………..away?

9. You…………………....(be) late if you (not/ hurry)……………………………

10. Thank you for letting me borrow your camera. I (bring) ………………….…….it back to you after I (return)………………………….. from my holiday.

**III. Which is correct? Circle**

1. "Did you phone Ruth?“ “Oh, no, I forgot. I’m going to phone/ I'll phone her now."

2. I can't meet you tomorrow morning. I am playing/ will play tennis.

3. We meet/ will meet you outside the theater in half an hour. OK?

4. “I need some money.” "Well. I am lending/ will lend you some.”

5. I am having/ will have a party next Saturday. I hope you can come.

6. "Remember to lock the door before leaving." “OK. I don't forget/ won’t forget".

7. What time does your train leave/ will your train leave tomorrow?

8. Are you doing/ Will you do anything tomorrow evening?

9. I don’t want to go to the movies alone. Do you go/ Will you go with me?

10. It’s a secret between us. I promise I won’t tell/ don't tell anybody.

**IV. Complete the second sentence so that it has arsimilar meaning to the first.**

1. Where is the nearest post office’?

Could you

2. Open the door, please

Will you

3. Hanh is studying very hard because she doesn't want to fail in the exam.

Hanh is studying very hard in order

4. Do you want me to drive?

Shall

5. I want you to help me carry my bags.

Can

6. He climbed the tree because he wanted to get a better view.

He climbed the tree so as

7. I have decided to help him revise his lessons.

I am

8. We are willing to drive you to the airport.

We'll

9. You can get off this train at Bath.

This train

10. ‘Please send an ambulance to Quang Trung School,’ Lan said to the nurse.

Lan asked

**V. Combine each of the following pairs of sentences into one sentence by using so as to or in order to.**

1. I enter the room quietly. I don’t want to wake my younger sister up.

2. He is staying up late. He wants to see the ﬁnal football match.

3. I have to put on my glasses. I want to see that ﬁlm.

4. I am studying hard. I don’t want to fail the examination.

5 She’s on a diet. She wants to lose her weight.

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6. I try my best to study. I want to get a good job.

7. I spend much time practising English. I want to speak English well.

8. I checked my test carefully. I don’t want to make any mistakes.

9. Steve is going to the bank. He wants to cash a check.

10. I’m going to the hospital. I want to visit a friend.

11. Mr. Ba stopped at a news-stand on his way to the ofﬁce. He wanted to buy a newspaper.

12. When I saw Tim, I touched his shoulder. I wanted to fet his attention.

13. I reached into my pocket. I wanted to iget the door key.

14. My father often plays badminton. he wants to keep fit.

15. I stayed up very late last night. I wanted to finish my homework.

16. I opened the window. I wanted to get some fresh air.

17. We’re going on holiday. We want to relax after so many days of hard work.

18. She turned down the TV. She didn’t want to disturb her roommate.

19. They’re going to a restaurant. They want to celebrate their wedding anniversary.

20. I ran all the way to school. I didn’t want to be late for the first lesson.

21. He din’t tell the truth. He didn’t want to disappoint her.

22. She hid the present. She wanted to give me a surprise.

23. She’s going on a diet. She doesn’t want to put on weight.

24. I’m learning very hard. I don’t want to fail my final exams.

**VI. Use expressions for requests or offers. (Sử dụng những thành ngữ để đưa ra lời yêu cầu hay đề nghị)**

1. I’d like some eggs and bread. (offer)

2. You are driving too fast. (request)

3. The book is on the shelf but it’s high. (request)

4. I missed the bus. (offer)

5. The room is very hot. I can't sleep. (request)

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